1FRITTAB - FRIT TAB

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Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or r				
Product name UFI : 2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or r Intended use Identified Uses	FRIT TAB 6XT0-S0Y8-E mixture and use DETERGENT			
UFI : .2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or r Intended use Identified Uses	6XT0-S0Y8-E mixture and use DETERGENT			
2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or r Intended use Identified Uses	mixture and use DETERGENT			
Intended use Identified Uses	DETERGENT	s advised against		
Identified Uses		U	t	
		E – CLEANER / D	ECARBONIZING TABL	ETS FOR PROFESSIONAL
OVENS DETERGENT	Industrial	Pro	ofessional	Consumer
	-		: 4. OC: 19, 28, 8a. S: PW, SL.	
Uses Advised Against CONSUMER USE				-
.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data shee	et			
Name	TURCO ITAL	-		
Full address	Via Artigiana			
District and Country	25010	Montirone	(BS)	
	Tel.	Italia +39 030 267443		
	Fax	+39 030 2677443		
e-mail address of the competent person	1 44			
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	info@turco.it	t		
.4. Emergency telephone number				
For urgent inquiries refer to	UK: Call NHS	111 or a Doctor		
	National Pois	sons Information		m (seven days) contact pital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO,
	ISLAND: 24 h	nours a day. Phon	ne: +543 2222 or 112	
			rs is available at the fol nemical_safety/poisons	-
ECTION 2. Hazards identification				
.1. Classification of the substance or mixture				
The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to amendments and supplements). The product thus 2020/878.				
Any additional information concerning the risks for	health and/or the	e environment are	given in sections 11 and	12 of this sheet.
Hazard classification and indication:				
Skin corrosion, category 1A		H314		ourns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage, category 1		H318	Causes serious eye c	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,	,	H335	May cause respirator	y irritation.
category 3 Skin sensitization, category 1		H317	May cause an allergio	akin reaction

EN

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SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:	Danger
Hazard statements:	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements:	
P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eve protection / face protection.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor
P264	Wash the skin thoroughly after use.
Contains:	Sodium hydroxide

Disodium metasilicate 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004

15% or over but less than 30% phosphates Preservation agents: 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3 (2H) -one

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3. Com	position/informa	tion on ingredients	
3.2. Mixtures			
Contains:			
Identification		x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
Sodium hydro	oxide		
INDEX	011-002-00-6	17 ≤ x < 25	Met. Corr. 1 H290, Skin Corr. 1A H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318
EC	215-185-5		Skin Corr. 1B H314: ≥ 2%, Skin Irrit. 2 H315: ≥ 0,5%, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: ≥ 0,5%
CAS	1310-73-2		
REACH Reg.	01-2119457892-	27-XXXX	
Sodium carbo	onate		
INDEX	011-005-00-2	17 ≤ x < 25	Eye Irrit. 2 H319
EC	207-838-8		
CAS	497-19-8		
REACH Reg.	01-2119485498-	19-XXXX	
Ŭ			

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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients/>>

Disodium me	tasilicate		
INDEX	014-010-00-8	20 ≤ x < 28	Met. Corr. 1 H290, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, STOT SE 3 H335
EC	229-912-9		
CAS	6834-92-0		
REACH Reg.	01-2119449811-	37-XXXX	
1,2-benzisoth	iazol-3(2H)-one		
INDEX	613-088-00-6	0,1 ≤ x < 0,15	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC	220-120-9		Skin Sens. 1 H317: ≥ 0,05%
CAS	2634-33-5		LD50 Oral: <670 mg/kg
REACH Reg.	01-2120761540-	60-XXXX	

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

If there are no contraindications, spray powder with water to prevent the formation of dust. Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

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SECTION 6. Accidental release measures/>>

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product and place it in containers for recovery or disposal. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Keep containers well sealed. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Avoid violent blows. Avoid overheating. Avoid contact with water.

8A

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany):

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See the exposure scenarios attached to this safety datasheet.

OEL EU

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

EU

Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

				Disodiun	n metasilicate				
hreshold Limit Va	lue								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks /	Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	3				INHAL			
OEL	EU	10				RESP			
Predicted no-effect	concentra	ation - PNEC)						
Normal value in f	resh water						7,5	mg/l	
Normal value in r	narine wate	er					1	mg/l	
Normal value for	water, inter	mittent relea	ise				1000	mg/l	
Normal value of S	STP microo	rganisms					7,5	mg/l	
lealth - Derived no	-effect lev	el - DNEL / I	DMEL						
	Effe	cts on consu	mers			Effects on wo	orkers		
Route of exposur	e Acut	te Acu	ite	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	l sys	temic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral					0,74				
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation					1,55				6,22
					mg/m3 4h				mg/m3 4h
Skin					0,74				1,49
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

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			Sodiur	m hydroxide				
lealth - Derived no-effe	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects or	n consumers			Effects on w	orkers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation			1				1	
			mg/m3 4h				mg/m3 4h	

Sodium carbonate Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL Effects on consumers Effects on workers Route of exposure Acute Acute Chronic Chronic Acute Acute Chronic Chronic local systemic local systemic local systemic local systemic Inhalation 10 10 mg/m3 4h mg/m3 4h

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

During the risk assessment process, it is essential to take into consideration the ACGIH occupational exposure levels for inert particulate not otherwise classified (PNOC respirable fraction: 3 mg/m3; PNOC inhalable fraction: 10 mg/m3). For values above these limits, use a P type filter, whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the outcome of risk assessment.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

When choosing risk management measures and operating conditions, consult the exposure scenarios attached.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

In the case of prolonged contact with the product, protect the hands with penetration-resistant work gloves (see standard EN 374). Work glove material must be chosen according to the use process and the products that may form. Latex gloves may cause sensitivity reactions.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear a hood visor or protective visor combined with airtight goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use a type P filtering facemask, whose class (1, 2 or 3) and effective need, must be defined according to the outcome of risk assessment (see standard EN 149).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

For information on controlling environmental exposure, see the exposure scenarios attached to this safety datasheet.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Appearance Colour Odour Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point Flammability Lower explosive limit Upper explosive limit Flash point	Value pressed powder into tablets white not available not available not available flammable solid not available not available not available not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	not available

Information

Reason for missing data:No flammable ingredients are contained in the formula

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties/>>

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The powders are potentially explosive when mixed with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid environmental dust build-up.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

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@EPY 11.4.0 - SDS 1004.14

SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

> 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral):

Disodium metasilicate LD50 (Dermal): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

Sodium carbonate LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component)

> 2000 mg/kg Rat < 670 mg/kg

> 5000 mg/kg Rat > 2060 mg/l/4h Rat

> 2000 mg/kg Rat 2800 mg/kg Rat

Disodium metasilicate All acute toxicity symptoms are due to high alkalinity

Sodium hydroxide

According to the CLP regulation, annex VI, table 3.1, the concentration limit for corrosivity of NaOH is considered equal to 2%. Until the most recent ATP, this has not been changed. Therefore, 2% is brought to the characterization of the risk as a concentration limit for corrosivity.

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin Classification according to the experimental Ph value

> 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Causes serious eye irritation.

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Skin sensitizer

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants Chronic NOEC for Crustacea

Disodium metasilicate LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

Sodium hydroxide LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea

Sodium carbonate LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea 2,94 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna 0,11 mg/l/72h 1,7 mg/l Daphnia magna

2,18 mg/l/96h Lepomis macrochirus

1108 mg/l/96h Brachydanio rerio 1700 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna 207 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus subspicatus

> 35 mg/l/96h 40,4 mg/l/48h Ceriodaphnia dubia

300 mg/l/96h Lepomis macrochirus > 200 mg/l/48h Ceriodaphnia dubia

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Disodium metasilicate As inorganic substances and in consideration of their chemical structure, soluble silicates are not susceptible to biodegradation.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Rapidly degradable

Disodium metasilicate Degradability: information not available

Sodium carbonate Degradability: information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

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SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 3262

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Sodium hydroxide; Disodium metasilicate)
IMDG:	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Sodium hydroxide; Disodium metasilicate)
IATA:	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Sodium hydroxide; Disodium metasilicate)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 8	Label: 8	8
IMDG:	Class: 8	Label: 8	3
IATA:	Class: 8	Label: 8	

14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: II

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 80	Limited Quantities: 1 kg	Tunnel restriction code: (E)
	Special provision: -		
IMDG:	EMS: F-A, S-B	Limited Quantities: 1 kg	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 50 Kg	Packaging instructions: 863
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 15 Kg	Packaging instructions: 859
	Special provision:	A3, A803	

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

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SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006 Contained substance 75

None

Point

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH) On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 Ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017) WGK 1: Low hazard to waters

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Met. Corr. 1	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion, category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

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SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

H317 H400	May cause an allergic skin reaction. Very toxic to aquatic life.		
H400 H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Use descriptor system:			
LCS PW	Widespread use by professional workers		
LCS SL PROC 19	Service life		
PROC 19 PROC 28	Manual activities involving hand contact Manual maintenance (cleaning and repair) of machinery		
PROC 8a	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non- dedicated facilities		
SU 4	Manufacture of food products		
LEGEND:			
	concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road		
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate - CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number			
	n (required to induce a 50% effect)		
	ean archive of existing substances)		
 CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2 DNEL: Derived No Effect Lev 			
- EmS: Emergency Schedule			
,	- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals		
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation			
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50% - IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods			
- IMO: International Maritime Organization			
	- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP		
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50% - LD50: Lethal dose 50%			
- OEL: Occupational Exposure	Level		
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation			
 PEC: Predicted environmental PEL: Predicted exposure level 			
- PNEC: Predicted no effect co			
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006			
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train			
 TLV: Threshold Limit Value TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure. 			
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit			
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit			
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds - vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation			
- WGK: Water hazard classes	•		
GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY			
	(REACH) of the European Parliament		
	(CLP) of the European Parliament		
o () (II Annex of REACH Regulation) I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament		
	II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament		
	III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament		
	IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament		
	V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament		
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221	1 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament		
e ()	(VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament		
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP) 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)			
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)			
15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521			
16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP) 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148			
18. Delegated Regulation (UE)			
19. Delegated Regulation (UE)) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)		
20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP) 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)			
22. Delegated Regulation (UE)			
- The Merck Index 10th Edition			
		@EPY 11.4.0 - SDS 1004.14	

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SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.